

Audit Committee Update for Trafford Council

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This version of the report is a draft. Its contents and subject matter remain under review and its contents may change and be expanded as part of the finalisation of the report.

Year ended

31 March 2013

Mick Waite

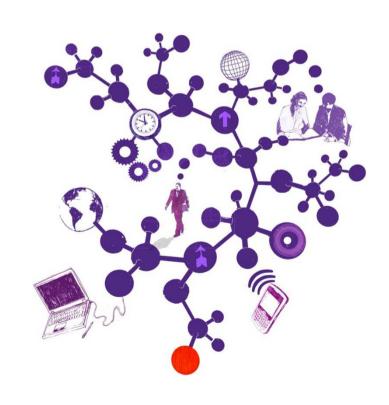
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Introduction

This paper provides the Accounts and Audit Committee with a report on progress in delivering our responsibilities as your external auditors. The paper also includes:

- a summary of emerging national issues and developments that may be relevant to you as a local authority
- includes a number of challenge questions in respect of these emerging issues which the Committee may wish to consider.

Members of the Accounts and Audit Committee can find further useful material on our website www.grant-thornton.co.uk, where we have a section dedicated to our work in the public sector. Here you can download copies of our publications – 'Local Government Governance Review 2013', 'Towards a tipping point?', 'The migration of public services', 'The developing internal audit agenda', 'Preparing for the future', 'Surviving the storm: how resilient are local authorities?'

If you would like further information on any items in this briefing, or would like to register with Grant Thornton to receive regular email updates on issues that are of interest to you, please contact either your Engagement Lead or Audit Manager.

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Progress at June 2013

Work	Planned date	Complete?	Comments
2012-13 Accounts Audit Plan We are required to issue a detailed accounts audit plan to the Council setting out our proposed approach in order to give an opinion on the Council's 2012-13 financial statements.	March 2013	Yes	Our Audit Plan was presented at the February Accounts and Audit Committee. The plan highlights accounting risks we identified from our audit planning and discussion with the finance team and our proposed work to address those risks.
Interim accounts audit Our interim fieldwork visit includes: updating our review of the Council's control environment updating our understanding of financial systems liaise with and assess the work of Internal Audit early work on emerging accounting issues early substantive testing proposed Value for Money conclusion.	January to June 2013	Yes	Our interim audit is complete. We have not identified any issues that we need to bring to your attention.
 2012-13 final accounts audit Including: audit of the 2012-13 financial statements proposed opinion on the Council 's accounts proposed Value for Money conclusion. 	July to September 2013	On track	Our Audit Findings Report to those Charged with Governance will detail matters arising from our audit of the financial statements.

Progress at June 2013

Work	Planned date	Complete?	Comments
 Value for Money (VfM) conclusion We will give our statutory VFM conclusion on the arrangements to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness based on two criteria, specified by the Audit Commission, related to the Council's arrangements for: securing financial resilience – focusing on whether the Council is managing its financial risks to secure a stable financial position for the foreseeable future challenging how it secures economy, efficiency and effectiveness – focusing on whether the Council is prioritising its resources within tighter budgets and improving productivity and efficiency. 	January to September 2013	On track	We will complete our risk assessment and set out a planned programme of VFM work to inform our 2012-13 conclusion. All our VFM work will be completed by September 2013. We will present a separate financial resilience report detailing our findings to management. We will include other key VFM conclusion findings and recommendations in our Annual Audit Letter.
Annual Audit Letter We are required by October 2013 to summarise our work performed at the Council, including: accounts audit VFM audit work grant claim certification.	October 2013		
2012-13 Grant claims report Our review of the Council's 2012-13 grant claims will take place during the period June to December 2013.	June - December 2013	On track	Our review of the Housing and Council Tax Benefits Subsidy claim is starting.

Accounting and audit issues

LAAP Bulletin 96: Closure of the 2012/13 accounts and related matters

In March, CIPFA's Local Authority Accounting Panel issued LAAP Bulletin 96. The bulletin provides further guidance and clarification to complement CIPFA's 2012/13 Guidance Notes for Practitioners and focuses on those areas that are expected to be significant for most authorities. Topics include:

- a reminder that authorities should tailor CIPFA's example financial statements to meet their own reporting needs in order to give a true and fair view of their own financial position and performance
- the need for billing and precepting authorities to disclose their share of non-domestic rate appeals liabilities that transferred to them on 1 April 2013
- the revised disclosure format for dedicated schools grant
- accounting for carbon reduction commitment (CRC) energy efficiency scheme assets
- accounting for the transfer of public health reform in 2013/14.

Challenge question:

• Has your Head of Financial Management reviewed the guidance and assessed the potential impact for your financial statements?

Accounting for Schools in Local Authorities

CIPFA/LASAAC has issued a technical alert on accounting for schools. There are no changes planned for the 2013/14 Code. The alert refers to the issues that were consulted on for the 2013/14 Code and draws attention to the need for CIPFA/LASAAC to consider the impact of IFRS 10: 'Consolidated Financial Statements' on school accounting which is due to be adopted in the 2014/15 Code.

The technical alert recommends 'local authorities set out clearly in their 2012/13 and 2013/14 financial statements, in the summary of significant accounting policies, their approach to accounting for maintained schools' income, expenditure, assets, liabilities and reserves. These accounting policies need to be consistently applied throughout the complete set of financial statements'.

Challenge questions:

- Do your accounting policies set out clearly your approach to accounting for maintained schools?
- Do your financial statements apply these accounting policies consistently?

Accounting and audit issues

Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2013/14

CIPFA/LASAAC has issued the Local Authority Accounting Code for 2013/14. The main changes to the Code include:

- · amendments for the requirements of the localisation of business rates in England
- amendments to how 'other comprehensive income' is presented in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement. These changes follow the June 2011 amendments to IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements.
- amendments to how authorities should account for the cost of employees. This is as a result of the June 2011 amendments to IAS 19 Employee Benefits and include amendments to the classification, recognition, measurement and disclosure of local authority pension costs. This is accounted for as a prior period adjustment which means that the figures for previous years will need to be restated.
- clarifications and improvements of the Code as a result of the CIPFA/LASAAC post-implementation review of IFRS on issues such as:
 - o the recognition and measurement of property, plant and equipment in particular, paragraph 4.1.2.35 of the Code now requires items within a class of property, plant and equipment to be revalued simultaneously. The Code does permit a class of assets to be revalued on a rolling basis provided the revaluation is completed within a short period and provided the revaluations are kept up to date.
 - o leases and lease-type arrangements (for example where lease rentals are charged at peppercorn rents)
 - o service concession (PFI/PPP) arrangements in relation to assets under construction and intangible assets
 - o the recognition of non-current assets held for sale
- amendments relating to deferred tax which may be applicable to authorities with group accounts. These follow amendments to IAS 12 Income Taxes issued in December 2010.

The Code also notes that guidance on the adoption of IFRS 13 Fair Value accounting and on accounting for schools has been deferred to the 2014/15 Code.

Challenge questions:

- Is your Director of Finance aware of the changes to the 2013/14 Code and assessed the potential impact?
- In particular, has your Director of Finance consulted:
 - your actuary to ensure you will have the information you need to restate amounts relating to pensions from previous years
 - your valuer to ensure that your revaluation programme complies with the new requirements for property, plant and equipment?

Accounting and audit issues

Internal audit - practice case studies

The NAO and the Institute of Internal Auditors have released a set of case studies, available on the NAO website, illustrating some of the key principles of effective internal auditing, taken from a range of public and private sector organisations (including British Telecom, Department for Work and Pensions, EDF). These cover the following areas:

- · applying internal audit resources
- · scope of internal audit
- auditing projects
- the relationship with the audit committee
- · risk-based internal audit
- · evaluating internal audit

Examples of the practical advice these case studies provide are:

- 'ensure that the internal audit function has the right development practices and the right mix of people'
- · 'internal audit must check its own performance'
- 'look at the range and depth of assurance that is being provided to management from other assurance providers within the organisation: this will reduce the duplication and free up resources to provide deeper assurance in other areas'
- 'make sure that internal audit's work is aligned to management's view of risk: the function may be focussing on the wrong issues if it does not understand management's risk priorities'
- 'review whether senior management and the business share the same view of risk highlight where differences occur to ensure that the right risks and controls are targeted in the audit plan'
- 'consider carrying out a benchmarking review with a similar sized organisation in the same industry sector to compare and contrast approaches to internal audit and resourcing'

Challenge question:

· How can you drive more organisational value from internal audit?

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Use of Outsourced IT Services

Over the past few year, there has been an increasing move to outsourcing IT services to third parties within the Local Government sector. This has accelerated over the last year as a result of need to drive efficiencies across the public sector.

Two recent incidents have highlighted the need to carry out proper due diligence and ensure the correct contractual and technical provisions are in place when signing agreements with third parties:

- a major IT service provider, who offered a wide range of services including Network, Communications and Data Centre Management, recently went into administration. This created significant uncertainty for their clients in terms of on-going business as usual requirements as well as access to data. At one point clients were asked to make additional payments in order to gain access to their critical data.
- a large NHS Trust had a failure of its hard disk drive containing its financial data. On contacting the supplier responsible for taking back ups, it became evident that no data back ups had been taken in the preceding 6 months and therefore the client had lost 6 months of data. As a result, the system had to be restored to the last back up date and the data recreated. This was a time consuming and expensive exercise, and has impacted on the financial audit work where additional procedures will have to be performed.

Both of these incidents highlight the risks involved when outsourcing services. Organisations with critical data who run their own data centres would have normally considered the risks associated with a failure of an IT service (or an entire data centre) and would have taken steps to mitigate these risks. Companies who outsource the performance of key services still retain responsibility for their operating and regulatory requirements, and for ensuring that the control environments supporting their business processes are operating effectively, regardless of who is managing them.

Challenge question:

• Are you happy that your Head of ICT has procedures in place to monitor and manage risks of outsourced IT services?

If you have any queries, talk to your engagement manager to see how Grant Thornton could help.

Local government guidance

Governance statements

The National Audit Office has published <u>'Fact Sheet: Governance Statements: good practice observations from our audits'</u> providing: insight and commentary on the first year of Governance Statement reporting observations on good practice "challenge questions" for those whose role it is to oversee and scrutinise an organisation's Governance Statement.

Challenge questions:

- How do you plan to make your Annual Governance Statement be more transparent and relevant to your authority?
- Have you used the challenge questions in the fact sheet to help inform your review of the Annual Governance Statement?

Pay policy statements

The Secretary of State for Communities and Local Government has issued supplementary guidance on pay policy statements for 2012/13 which highlights:

- members should ensure that pay policy statements are set out clearly, that they fully address all of the requirements of the Localism Act 2011 and accompanying guidance, and are accessible.
- full Council should be given the opportunity to vote on salary packages of £100,000 or more. Those authorities who may not have senior posts over £100,000 should seek to achieve the same degree of openness and accountability by adopting a lower threshold for votes, appropriate to their local circumstances.
- full Council should also be given the opportunity to vote on severance payments over £100,000
- where councils have directly elected mayors, they would involve the directly elected mayor and have regard to any proposals the mayor may have before the statement is considered and approved.

Issues:

Have you considered how to improve the clarity and value of the information your authority is publishing?

Local government guidance

Public Health Local Authorities: Other changes to secondary legislation in force from 1 April

The Department of Health has published guidance on changes to secondary legislation from the changes to public health functions affecting local authorities. Some of the changes are:

- local authorities, as commissioners of health services, will now be able to make direct payments under pilot schemes for personal health budgets (National Health Service (Direct Payments) Regulations 2010)
- local authorities must charge overseas visitors for relevant services where no exemption from charge applies (National Health Service (Charges to Overseas Visitors) Regulations 2011)
- Clinical Commissioning Group and the NHS Commissioning Board are to be notified of the death of a child in a children's home (Children's Homes Regulations 2001)
- Clinical Commissioning Group and NHS Commissioning Board are to notified of the death of a child accommodated in a residential family centre (Residential Family Centres Regulations 2002)
- local authorities exercising public health functions are under the same obligation as health service bodies to notify the Care Quality Commission of the death of a service user (the Care Quality Commission (Registration) Regulations 2009)
- the death of a child placed in foster care should be reported now to the Clinical Commissioning Group and NHS Commissioning Board (Fostering Services (England) Regulations 2011)
- a local authority body is to instruct an independent mental capacity advocate in certain circumstances where it proposes to provide, or to secure the provision of, serious medical treatment to a person who lacks capacity to consent to the treatment (Mental Capacity Act 2005 (Independent Mental Capacity Advocates) (General) Regulations)
- regulations specify the sets of depersonalised information that relevant authorities (which include local authorities) have a duty to disclose to each other if held by them (Crime and Disorder (Prescribed Information) Regulations)

Challenge questions:

- Are your officers aware of the secondary legislation changes and have they assessed the impact on the authority?
- What further action does your authority need to take to implement the regulations?

Local government guidance

Openness and transparency on personal interests - A guide for councillors

In March, DCLG published 'Openness and transparency on personal interests - A guide for councillors'.

This guide provides guidance to councillors about how to be open and transparent about their personal interests now that new standards arrangements have been introduced by the Localism Act 2011.

Challenge question:

• What has your authority done to improve awareness of openness and transparency requirements for councillors?

Local government guidance

Councillors on the frontline

The government has responded to the Select Committee report on the role councillors play in the community. Some of the matters raised by the Select Committee were as follows:

- In supporting their communities, councillors should be working closely with external organisations and providers of public services.
- It urges all councils to consider how best to provide support to their councillors and assist them to ensure they have an active role in their communities.
- It is a matter of concern that the composition of many councils does not reflect that of the communities they serve.
- Local authorities should be actively promoting democratic engagement and explaining to the public what the role of a councillor entails.
- Encourage local authorities to put in place light touch arrangements for reporting councillor performance. As part of this, councillors could be asked to complete a brief annual self-assessment to be made public in an accessible format. This should cover not only attendance at formal meetings, but also details of the work councillors have carried out within their communities.
- Encourage political parties, local authorities and other bodies to review the training they offer to ensure it meets the needs of councillors. In particular, training should reflect the changing roles of councillors, and ensure that councillors understand the implications of the Localism Act 2011 and other new legislation. Also suggest that councillors make public details of any training they have completed in the course of the preceding year. Training should be seen as a benefit, not a cost, to local taxpayers.
- Training should be provided to potential candidates before they stand for election, to give them some knowledge of what they can expect from being a councillor.
- Councillors should be at the centre of community life, well known and respected by those they represent, and empowered to effect change within their local areas.

Issues:

- What can the Council do to improve the role played by councillors in the community?
- Has your Council developed an action plan?



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